HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS WHAT ARE THE SIGNS?

- Seductiveness / over-friendliness / over complimenting
- Unreasonably upset/angry at you
- Exerting anger
- Attempt to manipulate you
- Continuously escalating behaviours
- Personality disorder?
- They are too emotional
- They are very quick to complain how they present emotionally can often persuade others that they are a victim – this can be used against you as the worker
- They are not listening
- They are desperately trying to convince me
- They want me to waive my wand and make everything go away
- Not willing to listen / consider different perspective
- The "issue" isn't the issue their personality is the issue
- Follow your gut listen to your inner voice pay attention to the hairs on the back of your neck
- They just want to win
- They want more than their fair share
- They will tell you everything bad about the other person and nothing negative about them
- Body language
- They work in absolutes they use exaggerated statements/claim – "she always speak down to me" "he never helped me with the children" "she has never supported my decisions"
- They tell you their story for 60 minutes and only at the end of the appointment do they talk about police callouts, them being charged with criminal offences, FVROs

What are the signs?

Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"The scars of others should teach us caution."

HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS WHAT ARE THE SIGNSP

- When numerous staff members are finding the client difficult to manage
- Continually complain and moan but decline all suggestions or offers of help
- In and out of court
- Recent hospitalisation for mental health concerns
- When they know the law better than me
- When they are yelling at me
- No capacity to self-reflect
- When parties have multiple agencies involved
- Pre-conceived ideas about the organisation's values towards or against certain genders
- Family Law system is against men
- Client says inconsistent things depending
- Frequent flyers multiple cases with multiple partners
- Child abuse claims
- Child speaking in 'adult' like language
- Not seeing their child
- Stopping parent from seeing the child
- Passive aggressive presentation
- Generational history of trauma
- FVROs
- Multiple separations
- Suicidality
- Current drug use
- Revenge
- Jealousy
- Smelling of alcohol
- Sexual abuse allegations CPFS
- Meth use



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"When you really pay attention, everything is your teacher."

HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS WHAT ARE THE SIGNS?

- Survivors of FDV who give in to other parent
- Control by other parent
- Narcissistic traits
- Talks about "my rights", "my position"
- Has nothing good to say about the other party
- Parental alienation no contact
- Angry that they "have" to do this
- Finger pointing without any evidence



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?





HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS WHY ARE CLIENTS THAT WAY?



- All-or-nothing thinking black and white
- It has to be someone else's fault
- Unmanaged emotions out of proportion to events
- Preoccupied with blaming others 0
- "Inability to control themselves and inability to solve the 0 problem" (EDDY, 2011)
- Author of their own misfortunes 0
- "She makes me feel this way" "He made me do it"
- Sense of entitlement
- Can't see the connect between their actions & how others respond to them
- Very difficult to change, adjust, adapt
- Wants attention
- They have to get what they want
- Can't handle negative feedback
- They are just taking out their anger on you
- The client feels helpless
- Coming from a defensive stance
- They feel we don't believe or understand them 0
- They are resistant but soften when they feel you understand
- They want to persuade/convince everyone their emotions often persuade others that they are a victim
- Clients are selective with the information they provide
- "The greater the menace the greater the mask" (WADE 2015)
- I need you to tell me I am being reasonable
- The client feels pressured by the process even though 0 the process is not meant to pressure anyone
- Chaos may be a regular part of their world 0

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge **You?**



How do I respond?



"All anger stems from feeling hurt."

HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS WHY ARE CLIENTS THAT WAY?

- Be aware of Mental Health & AOD as contributing factors
- They just can't communicate effectively
- Family of origin issues
- Multitude of issues that the client has had to deal with
- Cumulative effect of the multitude of issues
- Lack of understanding of the system
- Lack of understanding of the law
- Cultural issues
- Lack of support networks, isolation
- Clients are so angry, hurt, and you are the person that they are dealing with on that day
- Clients who have to re-tell their story over and over again
- Sense of shame 0
- Feelings of powerlessness and lack of any control.
- Feel let down by the system
- Desperation at the limitations of our system
- The system will always protect the mother
- The system protects fathers 0
- Fear that it could take them months/years to obtain parenting orders
- It's all about the principle of the matter 0
- I am going to make life a living hell for her/him
- They didn't want to engage in the service to begin with 0
- We (service provider) are perpetuating the other parent's abuse by requiring the parent to engage in FDR
- Childhood trauma
- Financial issues 0

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"To solve a problem, you have to recognise your share of responsibility."

HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS WHY ARE CLIENTS THAT WAY?

- Poor self-regulation
- Attachment issues
- Have been labelled
- Dehumanised
- Self-fulfilling prophecy
- No emotional support
- Feeling disempowered
- Past trauma
- Stolen generation
- Institutional care
- FDV
- Child sexual abuse
- Learnt behaviour from their parental models
- It is just their personality

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?





HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS HOW ARE YOU CHALLENGED?



- I want to help them
- Why won't they listen to my reason?
- I feel so frustrated
- They are too emotional
- I am not a counsellor
- Hard to work with them when they are so rigid
- There must be something I am not doing because they are not budging
- I can't seem to do anything right
- So much pressure I am expected to know the answers, to get everything right, to make everything right, and if anything goes wrong the finger is pointed at me
- Always having to be on my guard that once they are not happy they will make my life hell
- Something said or done has triggered a response in me
- I have to check my own prejudices
- I find their language offensive
- I really feel intimidated by how the client is treating me
- Hard to set firm boundaries
- Hard to stay calm I get angry
- Why are you angry at me?! I'm trying to help you!
- I get defensive if they are being hostile or directing rage toward me
- Don't know what I should/shouldn't tolerate
- Remember your role and function eg: I am not a counsellor
- Remember the function of the forum eg: this isn't a counselling session

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"We will always encounter difficult people. Don't allow them to frustrate you or steal your joy."

HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS HOW ARE YOU CHALLENGED?



- It isn't a reflection of my practice that they have to go to Family Court
- "If they go to trial, I regard that as a failure."
- I don't want them putting in a complaint against me
- They are asking me to do something that I am not comfortable with / outside of my role
- The parent has used the system ie: FVRO/VRO, when there is absolutely no evidence/risk/history of harm to the children or that parent
- Trying to balance the importance of the child having a relationship with his/her parent vs protecting that child from allegations of harm that have not been tested
- Battling with the question "what if the allegations aren't true?"
- What about the relationship between the child and the parent?
- Having to manage different players in the dispute ie: parents, grandparents, step-parents, etc
- I can't tolerate clients being rude to me
- I will not tolerate clients being verbally aggressive towards me
- Where a parent is unreasonably denying contact with the child
- Where there is evidence to show that there has been domestic violence but the parent who was violent is not taking ownership and not being accountable
- It is a challenge when one parent resists allowing more time between the child and other parent, just because that parent can't bear the child being away from them

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge **you?**





HIGH-CONFLICT CLIENTS HOW ARE YOU CHALLENGED?



- Challenge to gauge their objective
- When client's lie, why? Because they are hurting themselves
- Transference and counter-transference
- Breaching our boundaries
- Different values and beliefs
- Trigger from past
- Difficult to move forward
- Unable to reason
- Don't have enough time to assist them, they need time for therapeutic help
- Triggering my hot buttons
- The brick wall
- Have the need to be the expert and have all of the answers
- Personal triggers
- We need to keep one step ahead
- Blame on culture
- Different presentations
- Different chaos
- Missed appointments
- Declined support
- Attachment to us 0
- Let go of feeling like I need to fix or influence and just hear them, get a real understanding and work with what is possible
- Aggression and self-importance
- YES BECAUSE I CAN'T HELP!
- They trigger my personal issues

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"You're allowed to scream. You're allowed to cry. But don't give up."

- Change your own behaviour / change how you react changes the interaction & relationship dynamic
- Is it about you? Try not to take it personally
- Sometimes nothing you say will change their perspective or opinion
- You don't need to convince them
- Are you overreacting?
- Let it go
- You have already said what you had to say, there is nothing more that needs to be said
- Is there a real issue or is just their personality?
- Do I need to give the situation my attention we are wired to pay the most attention to emergencies
- Is a response even needed?
- Manage the client better don't let the client dictate
- See past the behaviour look at the "why"
- Do I fight fire with fire? Doesn't always work.
 - Aggravates the client
 - You might look unprofessional and inappropriate
- o "B.I.F.F." − Be brief, Informative, Friendly, Firm (EDDY, 2014)
- Choose your words carefully
- o Respond quickly v's pause before you respond
- Refer to their qualifications/occupation/expertise by way of example to explain a point/perspective
- What type of relationship do you need to have with them?
 - Manage the relationship
 - Reduce the relationship
 - End the relationship

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"Attitude is everything.
10% what happens to you and 90% how you react to it."

Continued...

- Focus on policies set limits without direct challenge
- o Butter them up manipulation?
- Criticism is taken as an attack
- Recognise their emotion
- o Appreciate their frustration verbalise it
- We can validate you by appreciating how you might feel, I can't always validate your position though
- Acknowledge what they are trying to achieve acknowledge their intent
- Acknowledge the efforts that they have been making
- Explore whether now is the right time to be engaging in these discussions ie: too emotional, too soon
- I can't say always "you are right" "he/she is wrong"
- Don't accept that anything they say is a given just because they say so – we don't the truth
- I have to take you both on face value, I don't know you any better
- Outline what you can/can't do
- "Looking back, could / would you have done something different?"
- Put responsibility back on them "It's up to you to decide" – the client has to make that choice
- Beat your head up against the wall expecting a different outcome
- "What do you think a solution could be?"... "What needs to happen to make that work?"
- Reality-test
 - "You're saying she's an unfit mother, but you are OK with leaving your child with her 50% of the time?"

"Emotions are contagious – Intense emotions are intensely contagious."

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?





Continued...

- "I wonder if the Tom understands it that way?"
- o Focus on big ticket items, don't sweat the small stuff
- You don't have to get the right answer, you can find an position that you can live with
- Talk through their positions with them "
 What will you do if that can't happen?"
- "If you aren't going to push it, then what is the alternative?"
- Decide whether the forum is no longer appropriate for what they are trying to achieve
- Is a different forum more suitable ie: FLC, CIP, Building Connections, Mums & Dads Forever, CPFS, FSN, etc
- "Maybe if it is that difficult, maybe you do need someone else to give you the answer."
- Focus on what they are trying to achieve work towards that if you can
- Ones it really matter what the other party has said they have/haven't done, isn't the question can you live with what they are asking from you now?
- o I am not here to find out the "truth"
- I am not here to be convinced about the "truth"
- "I am not here to judge you... but you have an idea how that looks right?"
- Don't try to convince them
- Be OK to accept that there is nothing that you can do
- "Don't work harder than your client" (Dr Purcell 2017)
- Only challenge so far know when to stop
- Pushing through the issue is starting to feel unsafe
- Don't buy into what they want

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"I am not responsible for your outcome."

Continued...

- Protect yourself
- Stand firm
- We can't help everyone
- Destabilise them redirect their attention
- Step out
- Breathe take 3 deep breaths
- Remember your Inner Smile
- Bring yourself back to calm
- Modelling calm & respectful communication
- o Talk to a colleague for a different perspective
- Be aware of strong disapproval / criticisms / judgement sends a message that you are superior and you have a right to criticise = client might not appreciate that
- Respect their right to their opinions eg: parenting styles
- "I can't force the other person"
- Use suitable metaphors to help convey meaning and assist comprehension ie: "elastic band = attachment", "foundations for a bridge = co-parenting dynamic"
- o Redirect client focus to the children
- Place another seat in mediation "imagine your child sitting there what do you want them to hear, to see, to feel when he/she sees and hears you together?"
- "Do you hate her/him more than you love your child?"
- o It could cost you anywhere from \$60,000 \$100,000+!
- Potentially 24-35 month process
- The FDR process is not meant to pressure anyone, people often are pressured nonetheless by the process
- Discuss what Family Court process involves eg: length of time, amount of hearings, cost of lawyers, etc

"Ah crap... at least I tried."

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?





Continued...

- o "I can't answer that question, that's legal advice"
- Don't tolerate bad behaviour
- Break line of sight use your hand, a book, your face
- Take time-outs
- Give clients opportunity to breathe, calm down
- Maybe need to be separated
- Shuttle Conference?
- Shut it down if you feel unsafe or threatened
- Maybe today is just not the day go away sleep on it and come back another day when you are ready
- If no forward movement, question whether another FDR session would be productive
- Give clients "homework" to consider in-between sessions and then pre-FDR before running follow-up session
- Let them talk, let them vent, let them 'empty their cup'
- Don't need to argue a point with the client because you disagree with their reasoning
- Emphasis that the Court cannot "fix" underlying relationship issues and fundamental co-parenting issues
- Don't say the "C" word "counselling" think about how to better wrap/present that idea
- Try to find out where/when it all started "when did it start going all wrong?"
- If you have relevant experience, decide whether it is safe to share that experience or not – assists in conveying understanding, assists in your credibility
- Not being seen to collude with derogatory opinions and statements

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"Trust yourself and have confidence in your ability to make correct decisions."

Continued...

- Assist them to redefine their relationship re-set the expectations and "rules"
- Emphasise that neither parent can tell the other how to parent – you can ask the other to support how you wish to parent – this is not a given, but ideal
- Try to find another way to bridge the gap between yourself and the client
- Give the client a private space to talk it through without the pressure of the other person's gaze
- Offer a FDR Certificate
- o If client is agitate I speak softer and try to be very calm
- Stay calm, allow them to vent
- Reflet back
- Empathise
- Let it slide
- Be assertive, not confrontational or aggressive
- Have a break, separate them
- Role play with clients in private session
- Make them put themselves in children's shoes
- o "Let it go"
- Use compassion as a central tenet in all my interactions with others
- Empathise and hold open body language
- Listen
- Check in with self being the observer before responding when challenged
- Do not rise to their aggression
- Look at things from their POV try to use empathy
- Self care after appointment

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"Self-care is a priority and a necessity – not a luxury – in the work that we do."

Continued...

- Set boundaries if appropriate
- Slow down pace
- Validation
- Stay calm
- Acknowledge
- Communicate
- Challenge behaviours
- Re-word to focus on kids
- Change conversation
- Model acceptable behaviour
- Take a different approach
- o Demand they stop, take a breath and think again
- Take it to supervision
- Educate, inform, support, hold emotion, hold situation, refer / signpost, best interests of the children
- Show a different response to what would have been expected
- Explore options as opposed to problems
- Acknowledge their hurt
- Hold children in mind and keep bringing them into focus
- A bit of stuck record is OK
- Private session to explore what's going on for the client
- o Is there a reason for the way they are acting
- Judo!
- Remind myself that I am not responsible for these parents' conflict
- FDR is small part of river of conflict
- Speak directly to the "direct talkers" cut the crap talk.

"Not my circus. Not my monkeys."

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?





Continued...

- Recognise the emotion in the person but move the discussion on (if possible)
- Distract, then run!
- Silence create space for client to reflect before responding
- Document / take notes on what said / done
- Hang up.
- Breathe before responding find my centre
- Terminate appointment
- o If I pre-empt the "Why", I create my version of their story. Let them explore and understand the "why". It is not my story.

What are the signs?



Why are clients that way?



Why do they challenge you?



How do I respond?



"I wonder how much of what weighs me down, is not mine to carry."